Part 1:

1. Think about the people in the illustration. They are visiting the textiles and haberdashery stall in their local market.

2. Discuss with a partner the different needs and likes of these people. You should both record what you decide in your own workbooks.

Think and talk about these people by using the PIES approach. List the likely physical, intellectual, emotional and social needs of each person or group of people.
3 Consider what sorts of questions you might ask these people if you had the chance to interview them. Note these down for each person or group of people.

Further/homework

Using magazines, supplier catalogues, and samples of cloth and haberdashery, collect information and images that may help to explain the needs and likes of one person or one group of people shown in the illustration.

Part 2:

1 Choose one person or one group of people from the picture in Part 1 overleaf.

What does this image board tell you about Maggs?

2 Make an image board for them that shows what sorts of things they may like; activities they may do or places they may go.

3 Add to your board some market-related products that they may like. Emphasise the style of these products.

4 Discuss your finished board with a partner.
   • Do you agree or disagree that it fits with the character or characters chosen and the market situation?
   • Is there anything you have missed or might have thought about more carefully?
What is a database?

A database is a collection of information. A database on a computer makes the collection of information easy to find and use. Many libraries now have their book catalogues on a database.

Imagine that 20 people in your class all collected 5 sets of data. This is 100 records. Looking through this information would take quite a long time. Looking through a library catalogue would take much longer. Using a database saves time. It also allows you to set up ways of searching the records.

Terms related to a database

A **record** is the information collected about one person or item.

A **field** is a heading in the record.

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Part 1: The old fashioned way!

1. Use the questionnaire sheet and fill it in for five families.
2. In class, work with four other people. Put all your questionnaire sheets in a pile. Choose one person to look for information, the others will ask the questions. In your group, work out some questions to ask and write these down. Here are some examples to get you started.
   
   ‘How many adults in the sample?’
   ‘How many children under 10 years?’
   ‘How many males over 18 years sew on a button at least once a month?’

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**Source** Snow-life UK
**Type** Magazine
**Date of issue** No. 30: March 1996
**Page number** 61
**Textile product** Jet boot
**Supplier** Dolphin Sales Ltd
**Phone number** 123456
**Details** Ankle boot/four-hole/soft
3 Ask the person who is responsible for looking for information the questions. Record the answers on a tally sheet like the one in the illustration. Time how long it takes for them to work out the answers.

4 Work out how long it would take for one person to look through the questionnaire sheets for the whole class.

**Part 2: The IT way**

1 Using a word-processing software package, write out the questions which you thought up in Part 1. When everyone in the group has written out their questions, use a ‘cut and paste’ facility to produce a whole class composite list of questions.

2 Enter the information from your five questionnaire sheets into a database. Make sure that you save your data! Everyone else in the class will put their information into the database so there will be data from about 100 questionnaires when everyone is finished.

3 Use the list of questions which you prepared in Part 1. Make a search of your database to provide the answers. Record the answers on your question sheet. Time how long it takes to research the answers.

4 Use information presentation software to produce a visual representation of the information you have discovered in the database.

**Further/homework**

1 Devise a questionnaire which will gather information about one of the following items with a view to identifying ideas for new products:
   ✗ soft furnishings;
   ✗ wearing of hats/headgear;
   ✗ toiletry bags;
   ✗ carrying things;
   ✗ cuddly toys.

2 Enter the results in a database and interrogate the database to obtain useful information.
Sewing habits in a household

Interviewer ................................................................. Use a fresh sheet for each new household.

1 How many people are there in the household? 

2 How many adults? (18 years plus) 
   Number of males? 
   Number of females? 

3 How many children aged 0—10 years? 
   Number of boys? 
   Number of girls? 

4 How many teenagers aged 11—17 years? 
   Number of boys? 
   Number of girls? 

5 How many working sewing machines do you have in your house? 

6 How many not-working sewing machines do you have in your house? 

7 Are there any of the following hand-sewing items in your house? 
   a Cutting-out shears 
   b Small, sharp pointed scissors 
   c Sewing needles 
   d Spools of black and white thread 
   e Pins 

8 How often does each person: 
   a sew on a button by hand? 
   b use a sewing machine to mend something? 
   c use a sewing machine to make something new? 
   d mend something (other than buttons) by hand-stitching? 
   e make something new by hand-stitching? 

Record the answers on the grid on page 4.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of person</th>
<th>Name of person</th>
<th>Name of person</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male/Female</td>
<td>Male/Female</td>
<td>Male/Female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age Under 11/11-17/18+</td>
<td>Age Under 11/11-17/18+</td>
<td>Age Under 11/11-17/18+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a</td>
<td>Sew on button by hand</td>
<td>a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Never/rarely/once a year/</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a few times a year/</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>every month/ once a week/</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>more often</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b</td>
<td>Use machine to mend</td>
<td>b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Never/rarely/once a year/</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a few times a year/</td>
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<td></td>
<td>every month/ once a week/</td>
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<td></td>
<td>more often</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>Use machine to make</td>
<td>c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>something new</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Never/rarely/once a year/</td>
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<td></td>
<td>a few times a year/</td>
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<td></td>
<td>every month/ once a week/</td>
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<td></td>
<td>more often</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>Mend by hand</td>
<td>d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Never/rarely/once a year/</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>a few times a year/</td>
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<td></td>
<td>every month/ once a week/</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>more often</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e</td>
<td>Hand-stitch something new</td>
<td>e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Never/rarely/once a year/</td>
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<td>every month/ once a week/</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>more often</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>